

# WELCOME

<u>Chapter 16 Section 3:</u> Inverse Functions Graphically & Algebraically

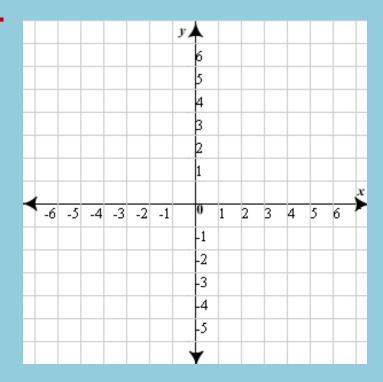
#### **WARM-UP**

• Graph: f(x) = |x| - 2



$$f(x) = x + 2$$
 if  $x \le -2$   
-2x - 3 if  $x > -2$ 

$$f(-3) = f(5) =$$

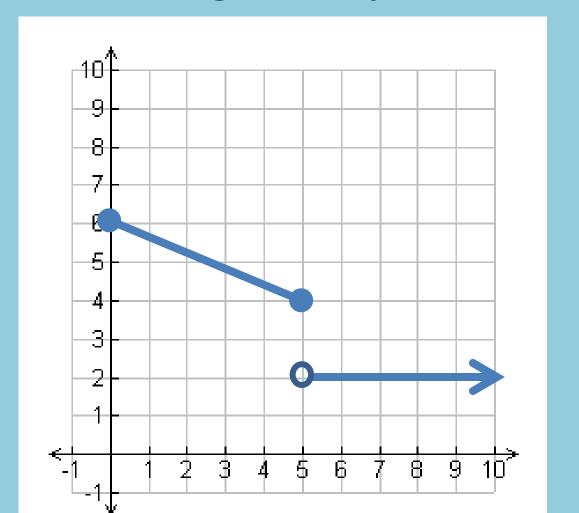


#### **Chap 16 Sect 3: Learning Targets**

- Write piecewise functions
- Understand what an <u>inverse</u> is, <u>inverse of a function</u> and <u>what it represents</u>.
- Find the inverse of a function Algebraically.
- Find the inverse using a graph.

## **Writing Piecewise Functions**

We can write a piecewise function by breaking the graph into intervals of constant change and finding their equation.



## <u>Inverse</u>

"Undoing," or working backwards to return to the original state or position is referred to as the inverse.

Put in Box -> Close Box -> Wrap Box -> Give Box

Take out of Box <- Open Box <- Un-Wrap <- Take Box

## What is a Function? f(x)

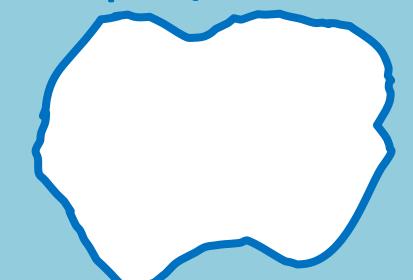
A function is an operation on the x inputs in the domain that creates the possible f(x) outputs in the range.

$$f(x) = -2x + 4$$

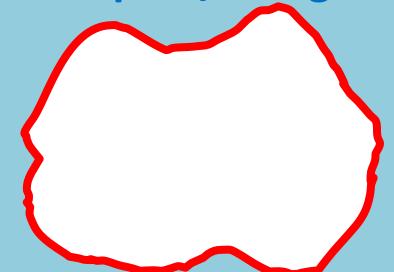
$$f(3) =$$

$$f(1) =$$

**Inputs/ Domain** 



**Outputs/ Range** 



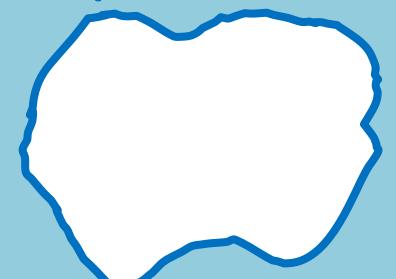
## Inverse Function $f^{-1}(x)$

Undoes original function, It takes the output of a function and does operations to arrive back at the original input.

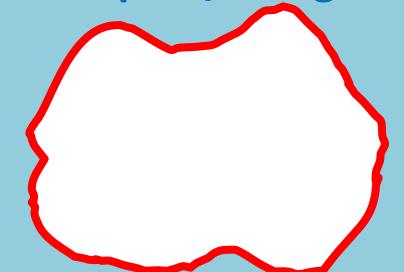
$$f(x) = -2x + 4$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x-4}{-2}$$

**Inputs/ Domain** 



**Outputs/ Range** 



## Find the Inverse Algebraically

#### **Step 1:**

$$f(x) = -2x + 4$$

Replace f(x) with y.

#### Step 2:

Switch the x and y variable

#### **Step 3:**

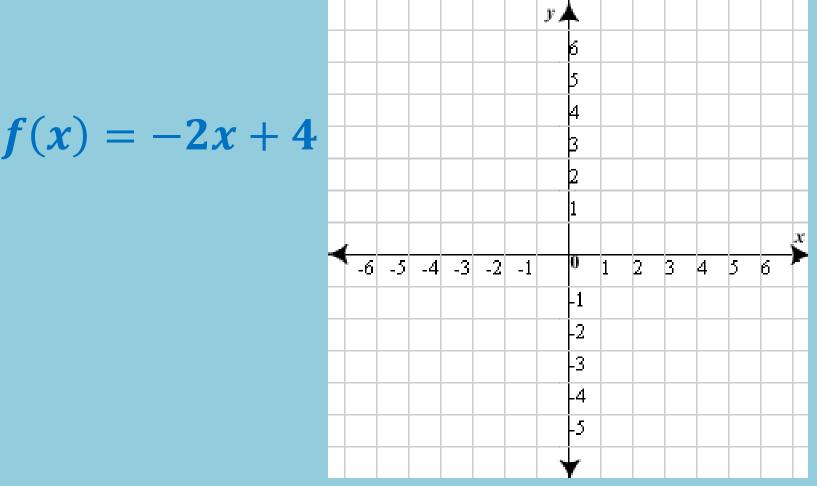
Solve for y.

#### Step 4:

If y function, replace  $w/f^{-1}(x)$ 

## **Find the Inverse Graphically**

The graph of any function's inverse is the <u>reflection</u> of the original function over the line y = x



$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x-4}{-2}$$